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Science Estimating Academic Attrition from Technical Training School Data Airborne Particulate Radioactivity Measurements in Pocatello, Idaho Issues in AIDS, HIV, and STD Research and Treatment: 2011 Edition Brazilian Demand Model Citizenship The Relationship Between Project-Portfolio Success and Multi-Dimensional Business Success I'm Not Innocent But... Assessing Measurement Invariance for Applied Research Sustainable Technology Development Precision of Quartz Crystal and Mercury Differential Thermometers in Heat-of-hydration Test Urban Acid Deposition Issues in AIDS, HIV, and STD Research and Treatment: 2012 Edition Resource Book of the Behavioral Interventions and Research Branch, Division of STD Prevention A New Meta-heuristic Optimization Algorithm Based on the String Theory Paradigm from Physics Guidelines for STD Control Program Operations Predicting Successful Hospital Mergers and Acquisitions Librarians' Assessments of Automation Systems Quality Assurance Guidelines for STD Clinics, 1986 Sexually Transmitted Diseases Issues in AIDS, HIV, and STD Research and Treatment: 2013 Edition Prevention and Early Detection of Sexually Transmitted Diseases Rolling Resistance of Truck Tires as Measured Under Equilibrium and Transient Conditions on Calspan's Tire Research Facility Public Health Reports Advances in Swarm Intelligence The Effect of Multiple Porcelain Firing Cycles on the Fit of Implant Frameworks Programming with C++20 Sexually Transmitted Diseases: New Insights for the Healthcare Professional: 2013 Edition Data-Centric Business and Applications Leveraging Applications of Formal Methods, Verification and Validation. Specialized Techniques and Applications Health Care Financing Review Proceedings of the 9th International Conference on Computer Recognition Systems CORES 2015 Public Health Behind Bars HIV/AIDS in Africa Prediction of Burnout An Assessment of Research-Doctorate Programs in the United States Computer Supported Cooperative Work in Design IV NIAID AIDS Agenda Presenting Medical Statistics from Proposal to Publication Public Health Service Publication

Urban Acid Deposition Jan 23 2022

Public Health Behind Bars Apr 01 2020 Public Health Behind Bars From Prisons to Communities examines the burden of illness in the growing prison population, and analyzes the impact on public health as prisoners are released. This book makes a timely case for correctional health care that is humane for those incarcerated and beneficial to the communities they reenter.

Librarians' Assessments of Automation Systems Jul 17 2021 "Expert guides to library systems and services"--Cover.

Presenting Medical Statistics from Proposal to Publication Sep 26 2019 Designed for researchers presenting medical statistics for publication, this guide emphasises the principles of good presentation through examples. It contains tips, information boxes and figures, as well as references for the statistical methods used. It also presents the different stages of the research process.

Brazilian Demand Model Aug 30 2022

Proceedings of the 9th International Conference on Computer Recognition Systems CORES 2015 May 03 2020 The computer recognition systems are nowadays one of the most promising directions in artificial intelligence. This book is the most comprehensive study of this field. It contains a collection of 79 carefully selected articles contributed by experts of pattern recognition. It reports on current research with respect to both methodology and applications. In particular, it includes the following sections: Features, learning, and classifiers Biometrics Data Stream Classification and Big Data Analytics Image processing and computer vision Medical applications Applications RGB-D perception: recent developments and applications This book is a great reference tool for scientists who deal with the problems of designing computer pattern recognition systems. Its target readers can be the as well researchers as students of computer science, artificial intelligence or robotics.

Quality Assurance Guidelines for STD Clinics, 1986 Jun 15 2021

Guidelines for STD Control Program Operations Sep 18 2021

Sexually Transmitted Diseases May 15 2021 The long-term effects of sexually transmitted diseases (STD) are far worse for women than men, yet their diagnosis and treatment are not given the kind of prestige or importance in the medical-education setting that they deserve. For example, most prevention programs are directed at men, even though they are not as likely to suffer from cancer, destruction of reproduction organs or complications of pregnancy, including the threat to the unborn, resulting from an STD. It is because men are so much less effected by STD that the author claims their importance is also devalued. Other results of STD are sociological and psychological and again the effects are much more damaging for women than for men. The result of ignoring the suffering of women as a result of STD can be seen in many aspects of the medical setting. For instance, the symptoms of STD for women are often poorly defined or very similar to other diseases. The article goes into great detail about the unique effects to women from neisseria gonorrhoea, chlamydia, herpes simplex, trichomonas vaginalis, and condylomata acuminatum. In every case, if left undiagnosed or even worse, misdiagnosed, the complications are far worse for women than for men. The symbolic importance of STD are covered providing support for the differential sociological effect of STD on women. Suggestion to the health care profession about the effects of this differential treatment on patients and their treatment as well as on medical education are also addressed.

Science Jan 03 2023

The Relationship Between Project-Portfolio Success and Multi-Dimensional Business Success Jun 27 2022 Diploma Thesis from the year 2011 in the subject Business economics - Business Management, Corporate Governance, grade: 1,0, Technical University of Berlin (Institut für Technologie und Management), language: English, abstract: This thesis investigates the relationship between subjectively measured project-portfolio success and objectively measured business success. In doing so the investigational background is initially explained, namely the determination of examined companies and the general construct of multi-project management. In approaching the issue the two kinds of success measurement utilized (subjective and objective) are discussed. Furthermore, the two main fields within this thesis are described: first, key success factors for project-portfolio success and second, the complex construct of business success. Due to the many facets of business success, this thesis also follows up with the different perspectives on business success and its measurement dimensions. In doing so, particular key figures will be discussed in more detail. While examining the issue, subjectively measured data that represent key figures for portfolio success were collected within the 5th benchmarking study at the Technical University of Berlin. Objective business success data were extracted from the companies' annual reports between 2008 and 2010. Although the multiple regression analysis delivers several statistically significant results, these were not sufficient to lead to an unambiguous conclusion concerning the examined relationship. Consequently, there must be additional factors that influence overall business success and the goodness of fit of the regression models used. However, following further studies and the statistically significant findings within this thesis, there is a trend which confirms the hypothesized relationship. Possible implications for companies complete this thesis.

Airborne Particulate Radioactivity Measurements in Pocatello, Idaho Nov 01 2022

Predicting Successful Hospital Mergers and Acquisitions Aug 18 2021 Predicting Successful Hospital Mergers and Acquisitions examines the rapidly changing acute care hospital of the health care delivery industry. It provides a set of guidelines for human service industry executives considering a merger or acquisition to keep organizations competitive and efficient in the current managed care environment. This model is applicable to various health care providers such as skilled nursing facilities, psychiatric care hospitals, and rehabilitation facilities.

Citizenship Jul 29 2022 This is the third in a series of reports describing the findings of the first assessment of citizenship ... The present report compares groups whose parents have had different amounts of education, color groups, and types of communities. *I'm Not Innocent But...* May 27 2022 Karen, a young teen, born and raised in Gary, Indiana, always aspired to become a model. Having big dreams, she would do whatever it took to reach the stars and see something else other than Gary. Her dreams will shortly change once her access to social media will send her on a tail spend of dangerous sexual encounters, drugs, a near-death experience, and life lessons. Karen's life went downhill when she encountered a woman in the form of a man who took the name of Todd. Following short after, she met her boyfriend, who turned her emotions inside out and did the unexpected. She went from a sheltered happy teenager to a damaged woman real fast. That saying "The older and wiser use" would shortly be a motto she wished she lived by: "Stay a child while you can. Stop being in a rush to grow up." Karen's history of partners could lead her in a direction that's hard to detour from, when she has unfortunate STD results. Where will her choices land her, and is it ever possible to regain that life she once had? Just how far will opening Pandora's box take Karen? Will she survive, or will death take its place? Follow Karen on her journey through the adult world to find the answers you are searching for.

An Assessment of Research-Doctorate Programs in the United States Dec 30 2019 The quality of doctoral-level chemical engineering (N=79), civil engineering (N=74), electrical engineering (N=91), and mechanical engineering (N=82) programs at United States universities was assessed, using 16 measures. These measures focused on variables related to: (1) program size; (2) characteristics of graduates; (3) reputational factors (scholarly quality of faculty, effectiveness of programs in educating research scholars/scientists, improvement in program quality during the last 5 years); (4) university library size; (5) research support; and (6) publication records. Chapter I discusses prior attempts to assess quality in graduate education, development of the

study plans, and the selection of disciplines and programs to be evaluated. Chapter II discusses the methodology used, focusing on each of the assessment measures. Chapters III to VI present, respectively, findings from the analyses of the chemical, civil, electrical, and mechanical engineering programs. Chapter VII includes a summary of results, correlations among measures, several additional analyses, and suggestions for future studies. Among the findings reported are those indicating that electrical engineering programs had, on the average, the largest number of faculty (N=23) in December 1980 and had graduated the most doctoral students (N=32) during fiscal years 1975-1979. (Survey instruments and supporting documentation are included in appendices.) (JN)

**Sustainable Technology Development** Mar 25 2022 In the time it takes to read this sentence, about fifteen people will be added to the world's population. Read the sentence again, and there will be thirty. Tomorrow, each of these people will be demanding greater prosperity. Production and consumption are increasing fast but will have to grow even faster in the future to keep up with population growth and a world increasingly divided by inequality. How should we react to these trends? Certainly, many use growth figures to forecast disaster. But there is an alternative vision: one of a sustainable future, in which growth is seen not as a threat, but as the driving force behind innovation. This is the scenario worked out in the Netherlands by Sustainable Technology Development (STD), a five-year programme of research and "learning-by-doing" based on setting up new innovation networks and working with new methods to search for sustainable technological solutions. In order to make sustainability tangible, STD made a leap in time. What human needs will have to be satisfied fifty years from now? Taking a sustainable future vision as a starting point, STD demonstrated what steps we should take today for new technologies and systems to be in place in time. These results are now available for the first time in a comprehensive, specifically written English-language book, together with a description of the unique working method of STD and the results and key lessons from a set of the programme's illustrative case studies. This book serves as a manual for industry, governments and social leaders wanting to prepare themselves for a sustainable future. Sustainable Technology Development sets out the programme's underpinning philosophy and describes its approach, methods and findings. Delivering sustainability means finding ways to meet human needs using a fraction of the natural resources we use today. The world's richer nations would be wise to target at least ten-fold improvements by 2050 in the productivity with which conventional natural resources and environmental services are used. And they need to bring new, sustainable resources on-stream to augment the resource base and replace the use of unsustainable alternatives. Sustainable Technology Development marks a significant contribution to our understanding of innovation processes and how these might be influenced in favour of sustainable technology development. In principle, technology could play a pivotal role in sustainable development. Whether it does or not depends on whether innovators can be encouraged to make this an explicit goal, adopt long-term time-horizons and search for renewable technologies. Given the long lead-times involved, there is no time to waste in beginning the search. The STD programme has begun to make inroads into one of the most urgent of all needs concerning sustainable development: that for innovation in the innovation process itself.

**Advances in Swarm Intelligence** Dec 10 2020 This book and its companion volume, LNCS vol. 8794 and 8795 constitute the proceedings of the 5th International Conference on Swarm Intelligence, ICSI 2014, held in Hefei, China in October 2014. The 107 revised full papers presented were carefully reviewed and selected from 198 submissions. The papers are organized in 18 cohesive sections, 3 special sessions and one competitive session covering all major topics of swarm intelligence research and development such as novel swarm-based search methods; novel optimization algorithm; particle swarm optimization; ant colony optimization for travelling salesman problem; artificial bee colony algorithms; artificial immune system; evolutionary algorithms; neural networks and fuzzy methods; hybrid methods; multi-objective optimization; multi-agent systems; evolutionary clustering algorithms; classification methods; GPU-based methods; scheduling and path planning; wireless sensor networks; power system optimization; swarm intelligence in image and video processing; applications of swarm intelligence to management problems; swarm intelligence for real-world application.

**NIAID AIDS Agenda** Oct 27 2019

**Issues in AIDS, HIV, and STD Research and Treatment: 2011 Edition** Sep 30 2022 Issues in AIDS, HIV, and STD Research and Treatment: 2011 Edition is a ScholarlyEditions™ eBook that delivers timely, authoritative, and comprehensive information about AIDS, HIV, and STD Research and Treatment. The editors have built Issues in AIDS, HIV, and STD Research and Treatment: 2011 Edition on the vast information databases of ScholarlyNews.™ You can expect the information about AIDS, HIV, and STD Research and Treatment in this eBook to be deeper than what you can access anywhere else, as well as consistently reliable, authoritative, informed, and relevant. The content of Issues in AIDS, HIV, and STD Research and Treatment: 2011 Edition has been produced by the world's leading scientists, engineers, analysts, research institutions, and companies. All of the content is from peer-reviewed sources, and all of it is written, assembled, and edited by the editors at ScholarlyEditions™ and available exclusively from us. You now have a source you can cite with authority, confidence, and credibility. More information is available at <http://www.ScholarlyEditions.com/>.

**Leveraging Applications of Formal Methods, Verification and Validation. Specialized Techniques and Applications** Jul 05 2020 The two-volume set LNCS 8802 and LNCS 8803 constitutes the refereed proceedings of the 6th International Symposium on Leveraging Applications of Formal Methods, Verification and Validation, ISOFA 2014, held in Imperial, Corfu, Greece, in October 2014. The total of 67 full papers was carefully reviewed and selected for inclusion in the proceedings. Featuring a track introduction to each section, the papers are organized in topical sections named: evolving critical systems; rigorous engineering of autonomic ensembles; automata learning; formal methods and analysis in software product line engineering; model-based code generators and compilers; engineering virtualized systems; statistical model checking; risk-based testing; medical cyber-physical systems; scientific workflows; evaluation and reproducibility of program analysis; processes and data integration in the networked healthcare; semantic heterogeneity in the formal development of complex systems. In addition, part I contains a tutorial on automata learning in practice; as well as the preliminary manifesto to the LNCS Transactions on the Foundations for Mastering Change with several position papers. Part II contains information on the industrial track and the doctoral symposium and poster session.

**The Effect of Multiple Porcelain Firing Cycles on the Fit of Implant Frameworks** Nov 08 2020

**Precision of Quartz Crystal and Mercury Differential Thermometers in Heat-of-hydration Test** Feb 21 2022 The precision of a quartz crystal thermometer was directly compared with that of a mercury differential thermometer in the determination of the heat of solution of a type II low-heat portland cement and a hardened paste made with the cement. The standard calorimeter apparatus was altered to permit (a) the insertion of one crystal probe into the calorimeter and a second crystal probe into the thermal jacket of the calorimeter and (b) the storage of the sample within the calorimeter enclosure. The calorimeter temperature rise was determined during solution of zinc oxide, dry cement, and 7-day hydrated paste. The test precision obtained using the quartz crystal thermometer was far poorer than expected, due to its low thermal mass in contrast to the high thermal mass of the rest of the calorimeter system. It was concluded that improved precision would require a low thermal mass calorimeter and closely controlled ambient temperature. The precision obtained with the differential thermometer was better than expected and was improved by storage of the sample within the calorimeter enclosure. The test results indicated that calibrated differential thermometers are not needed for this test procedure. The test results also indicated that properly prepared zinc oxide does not dissolve at the same rate as dry cement, but dissolves at a rate two to three times as fast as the dry cement. (Author).

**Public Health Reports** Jan 11 2021

**Health Care Financing Review** Jun 03 2020

**Assessing Measurement Invariance for Applied Research** Apr 25 2022 This user-friendly guide illustrates how to assess measurement invariance using computer programs, statistical methods, and real data.

**Public Health Service Publication** Aug 25 2019

**A New Meta-heuristic Optimization Algorithm Based on the String Theory Paradigm from Physics** Oct 20 2021 This book focuses on the fields of nature-inspired algorithms, optimization problems and fuzzy logic. In this book, a new metaheuristic based on String Theory from Physics is proposed. It is important to mention that we have proposed the new algorithm to generate new potential solutions in optimization problems in order to find new ways that could improve the results in solving these problems. We are presenting the results for the proposed method in different cases of study. The first case, is optimization of traditional benchmark mathematical functions. The second case, is the optimization of benchmark functions of the CEC 2015 Competition and we are also presenting results of the CEC 2017 Competition on Constrained Real-Parameter Optimization that are problems that contain the presence of constraints that alter the shape of the search space making them more difficult to solve. Finally, in the third case, we are presenting the optimization of a fuzzy inference system, specifically for finding the optimal design of a fuzzy controller for an autonomous mobile robot. It is important to mention that in all study cases we are presenting statistical tests in order to validate the performance of proposed method. In summary, we believe that this book will be of great interest to a wide audience, ranging from engineering and science graduate students, to researchers and professors in computational intelligence, metaheuristics, optimization, robotics and control.

**Prediction of Burnout** Jan 29 2020 This Study about burnout in nurses takes a different approach than all prior empirical work on this topic given that nonlinear relationships between job stressors, personal factors and the three burnout dimensions are investigated using artificial neural networks, a type of computer simulation that is especially well suited to capturing nonlinearities in data. The burnout process is related to organizational, personal, interpersonal, social, and cultural variables and these relationships are not exclusively linear. Due to this nonlinearity, hierarchical stepwise multiple regression or other linear statistical methods, may perhaps not be the most suitable method to analyze the data effectively. Compounding the dilemma is that multiple linear regression returns no direct indicator with regard to whether the data is best portrayed linearly. In standard least squares linear regression, the model has to be specified previously and assumptions have to be made concerning the underlying relationship between independent variables and dependent variables. Since by default, the relationship is often assumed to be linear, the regression line can be erroneous even though the error of the fit can be small. Artificial neural networks do not have these limitations with nonlinearities and are therefore predestined for the analysis of nonlinear relationships. This study is a complex research of burnout that includes socio-demographic characteristics, job stressors, and hardy personality. Typically, studies on burnout have investigated primarily the effects of organizational factors. Recently, authors revealed and confirmed the important effects of personality variables on the burnout process. The objective of developing an instrument to predict burnout

(NuBuNet abbreviation for Nursing Burnout Network) in nurses is accomplished by using two different types of artificial neural networks: A three-layer feed-forward network with the gradient decent back-propagation training algorithm and a radial basis function network with two different training algorithms: the pseudo inverse algorithm and a hybrid algorithm. The implementation of the artificial neural networks used in this study is carried out in a MATLAB development environment. Instead of writing each artificial neural network as a stand-alone program, an object-oriented programming style is chosen to include all functions into one single system. Three artificial neural networks are implemented in the technical part of this study. A self-organizing map, a three-layer back-propagation network, and a radial basis function network. Whereas the self-organizing map is only used in the data preparation process, the back-propagation network and the radial basis function network is used in the burnout model approximation. After an exhaustive training and simulation session including more than 150 networks and an analysis of all results, the network with the best results is chosen to be compared to the hierarchical stepwise multiple regression. The network paradigms are better suited for the analysis of burnout than hierarchical stepwise multiple regression. Both can capture nonlinear relationships that are relevant for theory development. At predicting the three burnout sub-dimensions emotional exhaustion, depersonalization, and lack of personal accomplishment however, the radial basis function network is slightly better than the three-layer feed-forward network.

**Resource Book of the Behavioral Interventions and Research Branch, Division of STD Prevention** Nov 20 2021

**Rolling Resistance of Truck Tires as Measured Under Equilibrium and Transient Conditions on Calspan's Tire Research Facility** Feb 09 2021

*Programming with C++20* Oct 08 2020 Programming with C++20 teaches programmers with C++ experience the new features of C++20 and how to apply them. It does so by assuming C++11 knowledge. Elements of the standards between C++11 and C++20 will be briefly introduced, if necessary. However, the focus is on teaching the features of C++20. You will start with learning about the so-called big four Concepts, Coroutines, std::ranges, and modules. The big four followed by smaller yet not less important features. You will learn about std::format, the new way to format a string in C++. In chapter 6, you will learn about a new operator, the so-called spaceship operator, which makes you write less code. You then will look at various improvements of the language, ensuring more consistency and reducing surprises. You will learn how lambdas improved in C++20 and what new elements you can now pass as non-type template parameters. Your next stop is the improvements to the STL. Of course, you will not end this book without learning about what happened in the constexpr-world.

*Data-Centric Business and Applications* Aug 06 2020 This book explores various aspects of software creation and development as well as data and information processing. It covers relevant topics such as business analysis, business rules, requirements engineering, software development processes, software defect prediction, information management systems, and knowledge management solutions. Lastly, the book presents lessons learned in information and data management processes and procedures.

*Computer Supported Cooperative Work in Design IV* Nov 28 2019 Design of complex artifacts and systems requires the cooperation of multidisciplinary design teams using multiple sophisticated commercial and non-commercial engineering tools such as CAD tools, modeling, simulation and optimization software, engineering databases, and knowledge-based systems. Individuals or individual groups of multidisciplinary design teams usually work in parallel and independently with various engineering tools, which are located on different sites, often for quite a long period of time. At any moment, individual members may be working on different versions of a design or viewing the design from various perspectives, at different levels of details. In order to meet these requirements, it is necessary to have efficient computer-supported collaborative design systems. These systems should not only automate individual tasks, in the manner of traditional computer-aided engineering tools, but also enable individual members to share information, collaborate, and coordinate their activities within the context of a design project. Based on close international collaboration between the University of Technology of Compiègne in France and the Institute of Computing Technology of the Chinese Academy of Sciences in the early 1990s, a series of international workshops on CSCW in Design started in 1996. In order to facilitate the organization of these workshops, an International Working Group on CSCW in Design (CSCWD) was established and an International Steering Committee was formed in 1998. The series was converted to international conferences in 2000 building on the success of the four previous workshops.

*Issues in AIDS, HIV, and STD Research and Treatment: 2012 Edition* Dec 22 2021 Issues in AIDS, HIV, and STD Research and Treatment: 2012 Edition is a ScholarlyBrief™ that delivers timely, authoritative, comprehensive, and specialized information about Sexually Transmitted Diseases (STDs) in a concise format. The editors have built Issues in AIDS, HIV, and STD Research and Treatment: 2012 Edition on the vast information databases of ScholarlyNews.™ You can expect the information about Sexually Transmitted Diseases (STDs) in this eBook to be deeper than what you can access anywhere else, as well as consistently reliable, authoritative, informed, and relevant. The content of Issues in AIDS, HIV, and STD Research and Treatment: 2012 Edition has been produced by the world's leading scientists, engineers, analysts, research institutions, and companies. All of the content is from peer-reviewed sources, and all of it is written, assembled, and edited by the editors at ScholarlyEditions™ and available exclusively from us. You now have a source you can cite with authority, confidence, and credibility. More information is available at <http://www.ScholarlyEditions.com/>.

*Issues in AIDS, HIV, and STD Research and Treatment: 2013 Edition* Apr 13 2021 Issues in AIDS, HIV, and STD Research and Treatment: 2013 Edition is a ScholarlyEditions™ book that delivers timely, authoritative, and comprehensive information about AIDS Patient Care. The editors have built Issues in AIDS, HIV, and STD Research and Treatment: 2013 Edition on the vast information databases of ScholarlyNews.™ You can expect the information about AIDS Patient Care in this book to be deeper than what you can access anywhere else, as well as consistently reliable, authoritative, informed, and relevant. The content of Issues in AIDS, HIV, and STD Research and Treatment: 2013 Edition has been produced by the world's leading scientists, engineers, analysts, research institutions, and companies. All of the content is from peer-reviewed sources, and all of it is written, assembled, and edited by the editors at ScholarlyEditions™ and available exclusively from us. You now have a source you can cite with authority, confidence, and credibility. More information is available at <http://www.ScholarlyEditions.com/>.

*Estimating Academic Attrition from Technical Training School Data* Dec 02 2022 "This study proposes a logistic regression-based approach for estimating academic attrition from technical training school data. The proposed approach enables Army personnel managers to evaluate tradeoffs when making decisions about where to set minimum enlistment standards. A large-scale simulation was conducted based on actual training school data from a selected MOS to evaluate the approach and to assess sampling error of estimated attrition rates under different sample sizes and operational scenarios. Major findings indicate that: (a) a simple approach based on the logistic regression using only cognitive aptitude information is adequate for evaluating impact of changes in minimum enlistment standards on academic attrition for MOS with medium validity or greater; (b) a large enough sample size allows smaller changes in minimum enlistment standards to achieve a targeted attrition rate with confidence; and (c) personnel and training decisions could be greatly improved by extending the current model to incorporate information in addition to cognitive aptitude. The report includes a ready-to-use statistical program for applying the proposed approach to actual training school data for the purpose of making operational decisions."--DTIC.

*HIV/AIDS in Africa* Mar 01 2020

**Prevention and Early Detection of Sexually Transmitted Diseases** Mar 13 2021

*Sexually Transmitted Diseases: New Insights for the Healthcare Professional: 2013 Edition* Sep 06 2020 Sexually Transmitted Diseases: New Insights for the Healthcare Professional: 2013 Edition is a ScholarlyPaper™ that delivers timely, authoritative, and intensively focused information about Additional Research in a compact format. The editors have built Sexually Transmitted Diseases: New Insights for the Healthcare Professional: 2013 Edition on the vast information databases of ScholarlyNews.™ You can expect the information about Additional Research in this book to be deeper than what you can access anywhere else, as well as consistently reliable, authoritative, informed, and relevant. The content of Sexually Transmitted Diseases: New Insights for the Healthcare Professional: 2013 Edition has been produced by the world's leading scientists, engineers, analysts, research institutions, and companies. All of the content is from peer-reviewed sources, and all of it is written, assembled, and edited by the editors at ScholarlyEditions™ and available exclusively from us. You now have a source you can cite with authority, confidence, and credibility. More information is available at <http://www.ScholarlyEditions.com/>.

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